



Population Health Technology in Action

Thursday, February 7, 2019

Healthcare is in amidst a transformation that will improve our ability to avert unexpected health and improve our quality of life. This starts by having the right engagement, outreach, and follow up. In this effort, we need strong nursing informatics to devise care to a wider population approach.



Amy M. Sitapati, MD

Clinical Professor, Dept. of Medicine & Biomedical Informatics

Chief Medical Information Officer, Population Health

Investigator, UCSD, All of Us (NIH)

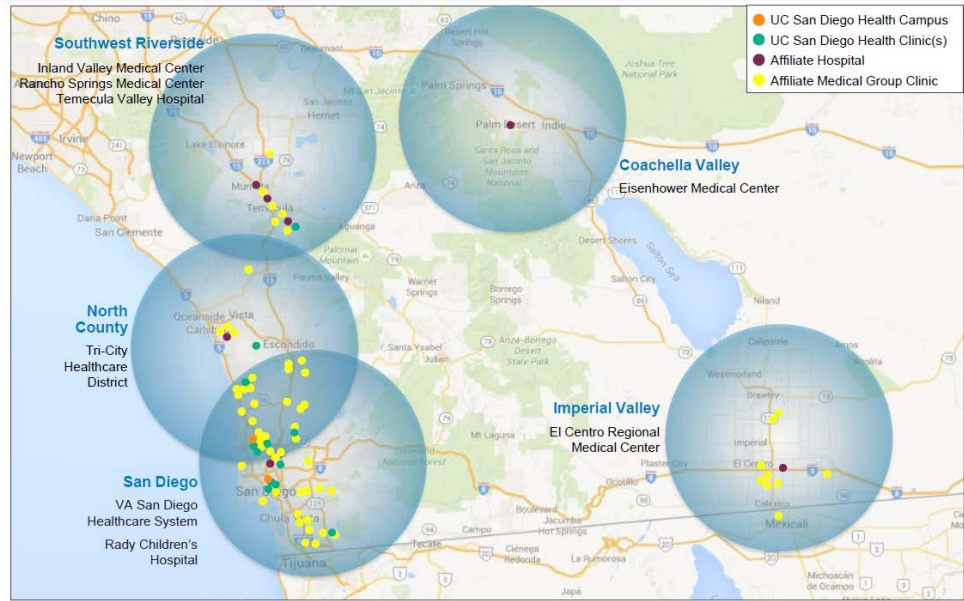
UCSD PI, California Integrated Vital Records System



UC San Diego Center

Jacobs

Our Affiliates!



UC San Diego Health

Affiliated with the School of Medicine, School of Pharmacy. Active complex teams for quality across programs including P4P IHI, MSSP ACO, CMS Waiver PRIME, and more.



Sulpizio Cardiovascular Center



800+ Bed Health System

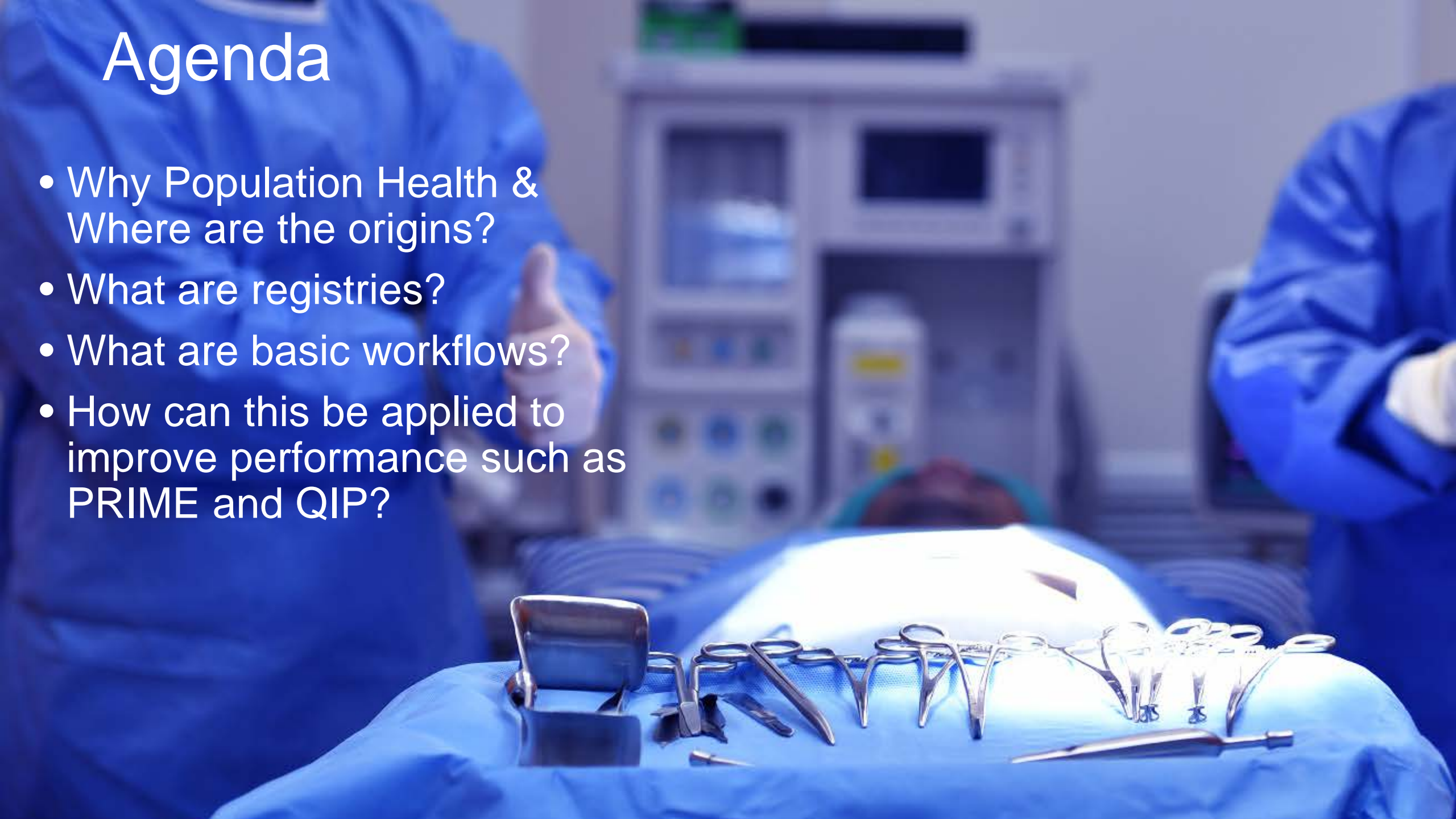


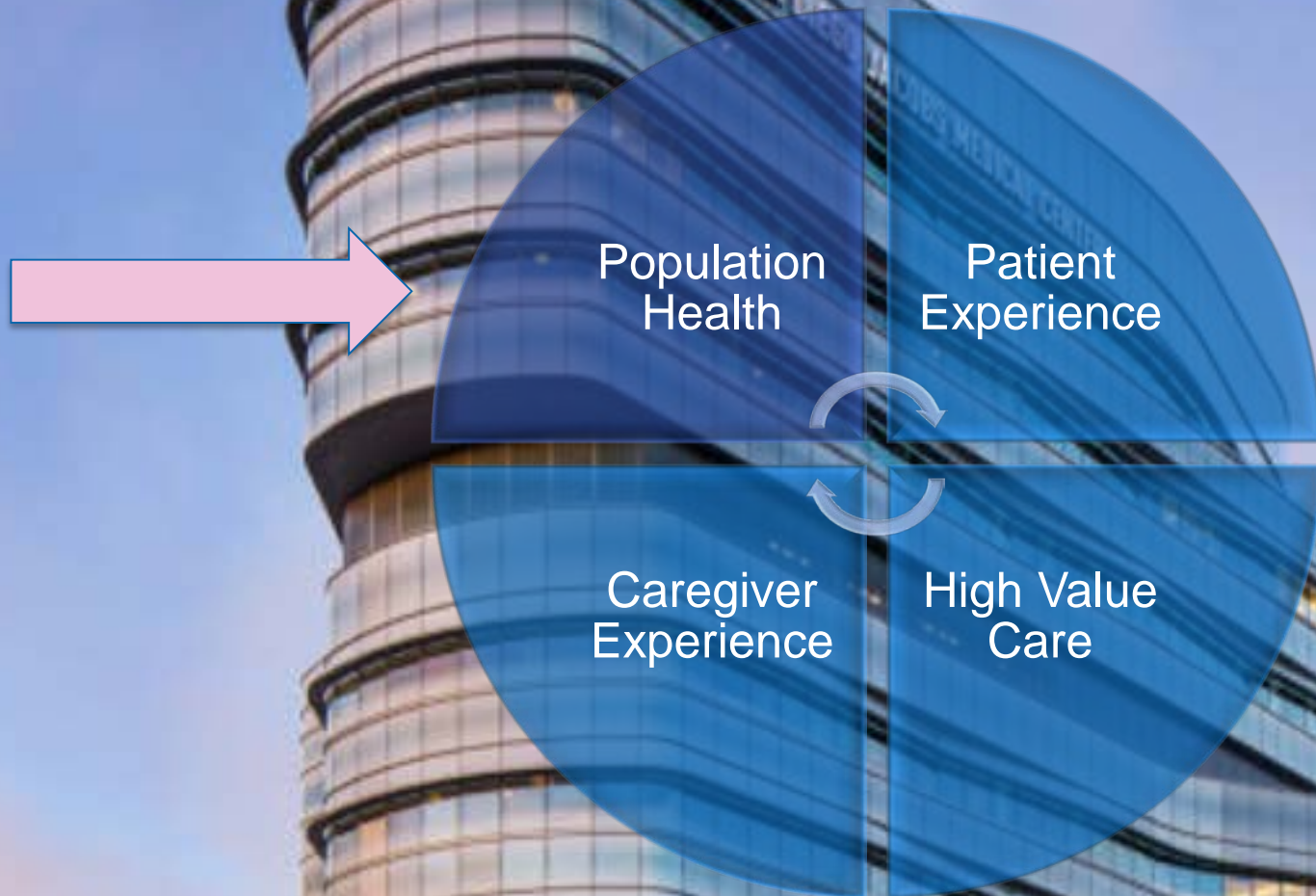
750,000+ Annual Ambulatory Visits



Agenda

- Why Population Health & Where are the origins?
- What are registries?
- What are basic workflows?
- How can this be applied to improve performance such as PRIME and QIP?





The Triple Aim: Care, Health, and Costs, *Health Affairs*, 2008
From Triple to Quadruple Aim, *Family Medicine*, 2014

My origins of Population Health Thinking.... Commenced with the First routinized HIV screening in the nation- visited by First Lady, Laura Bush



<https://georgewbushwhitehouse.archives.gov/news/releases/2007/06>

2012

YouTube: InCare+ Campaign

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yKUAty1ozKI>



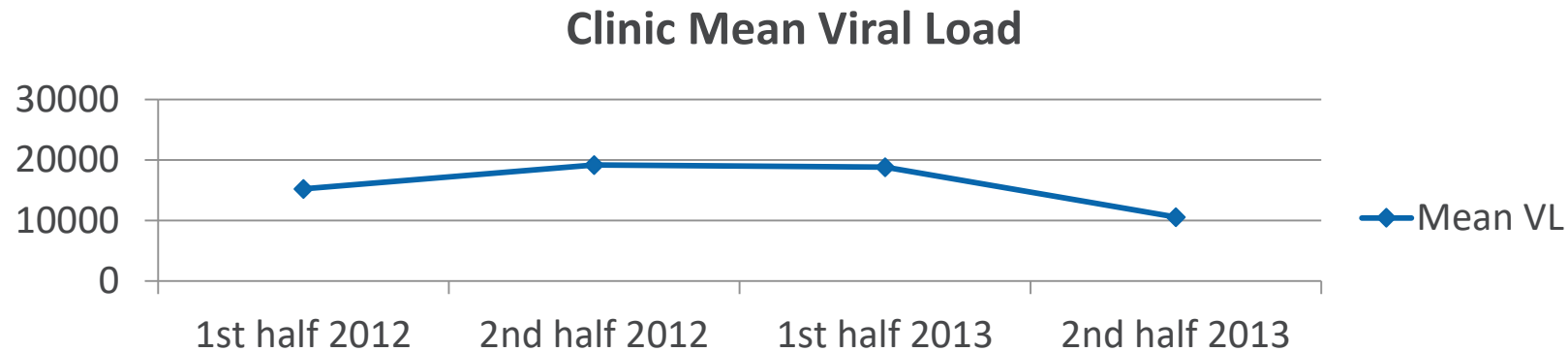
Determined to make a difference, each life have a better opportunity to save – through outreach & intervention

+about the campaign



<http://www.incarecampaign.org/about-the-campaign/>

Interventional Population Health: 44% reduction in Clinic Mean Viral Load



	1st half 2012	2nd half 2012	1st half 2013	2nd half 2013
Number of Patients	2905	2778	2992	2829
Mean VL	15204	19182	18793	10552
Sum	44166190	53288908	56227823	29852201
Change in Mean VL Year on Year	-	26%	-2%	-44%

Sitapati, Berkovich: By the end of 2013 the mean viral load was reduced by 44% compared to end of 2012. Calculations were done as per CDC specifications.

http://www.ct.gov/dph/lib/dph/aids_and_chronic/surveillance/statewide/community_viralload_guidance.pdf

What is the model to drive improved outcomes?

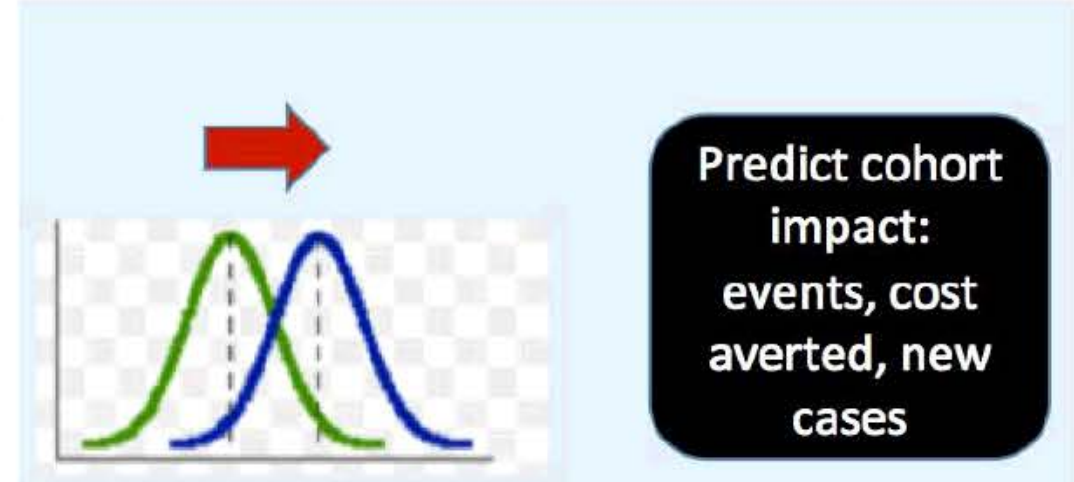
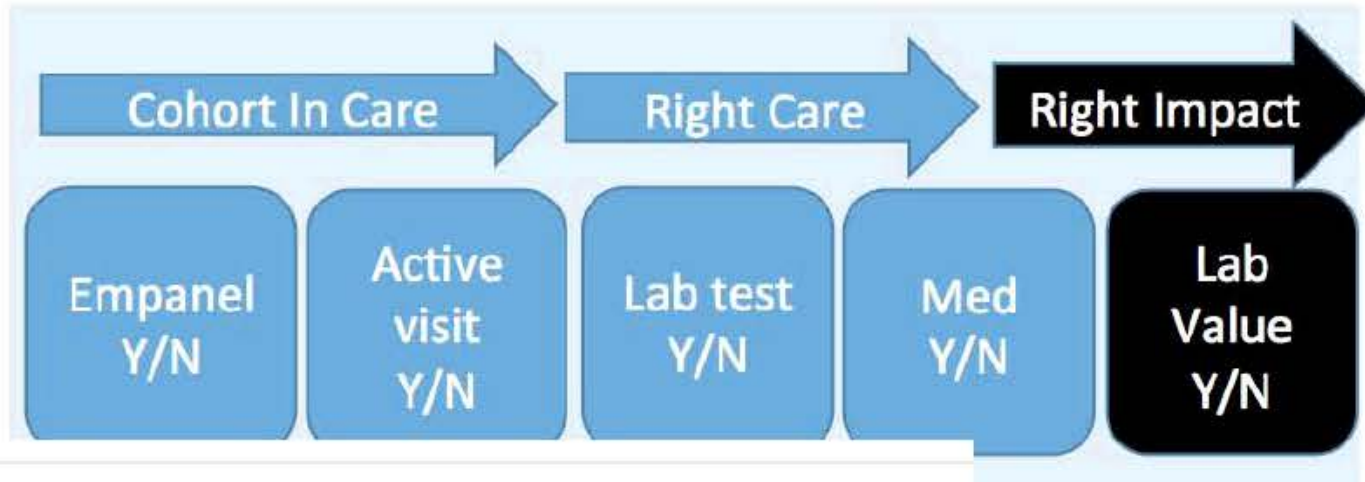
Process Drives Outcomes: Learning Healthcare System



**Individual Patient Level
Process Measure**
- Drive patient by patient



**Population Level Average
Outcome Measure**
- Move the mean or median



Governance

- PRIME/QIP; Quality, IS Analytics & Pop Health +

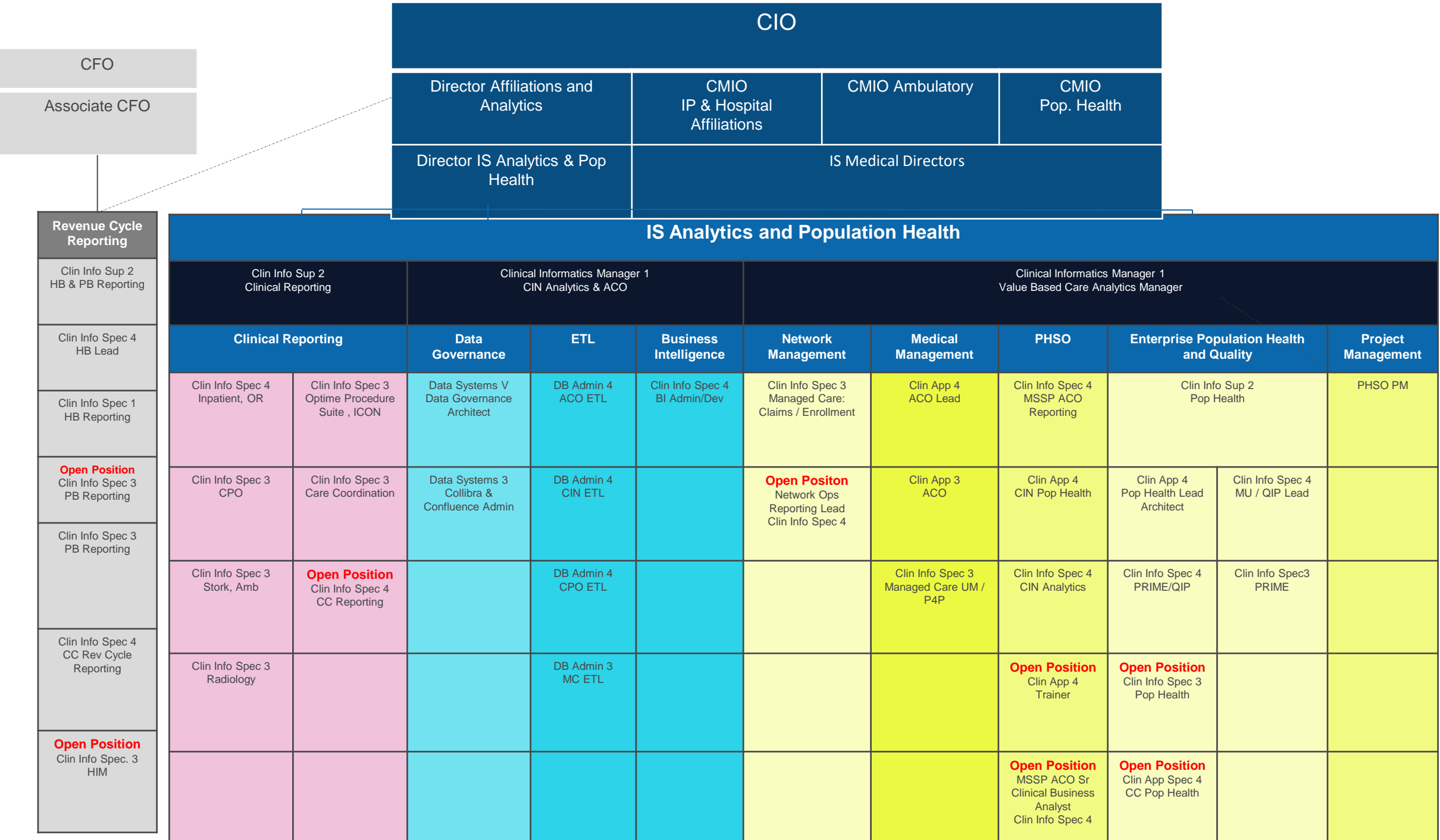
IS Infrastructure

- Business Intelligence, EMR Applications, +

Quality

- Clinical Led Teams

How do you apply people, process and technology?



Overview of Quality Domains

Wellness/Primary Prevention

Create standardized people, process and technology that result in improvements in care quality. [Nguyen, Wastila, Rosenblum]

Cardiovascular

Create organized robust identification and treatment of HTN, IVD, HF, CAD, Arrhythmia, and tobacco [Lunde & Raisinghani]

Mental and Behavioral Health

Develop clinical quality programs for the screening and treatment of depression and substance use. [Perry & Folsom]

Diversity

Develop training and tools to support care to our diverse race, ethnicity, language, sexual orientation and gender identity [Sitapati]

Specialty

Stroke care [Hemmen], Create organized approach for referrals, econsult. [Rosenblum]

Diabetes

Devise systems and people that enhance targeted and standard services for A1C, Eye, BP, LDL, ASA [Kulasa & Morn]

Perinatal Care

Develop best in class perinatal care, Baby Friendly, OB hemorrhage avoidance [Stellwagen & Tarsa].

Patient Satisfaction

Foster an environment that improves patient satisfaction [Savides & Beifus]

Inpatient & Procedural

Reduce Surgical Site Infection, DVT prevention, CVC use, unplanned re-operation, and CT Head overuse [Ramamoorthy, Jenkins, Lee, Handwerker]

Palliative Care

Improving documentation of patient wishes, assessment for palliative needs, and hospice [Mitchell & Edmonds]

Diabetes & Asthma

Devise systems and people that enhance targeted and standard services for A1C, Eye, BP, LDL, ASA [Kulasa & Morn] Asthma [TBD]

Transition of Care and Care Mgt

Reduce re-admissions, improve post dc follow up and med rec, transmit care documents early [Beifus, VanDenBerg, El-Kareh, Clay, Haley]

High Cost Meds & Antibiotics

Reduce unnecessary medication utilization, opioid, & Abx exposure [Abeles, Torriani, Daniels, Clark, Wallace, El-Kareh]

What is Population Health?



“Population health can mean different things to different people but fundamentally it always includes four distinct components (1) patients, (2) clinicians, (3) care managers, and (4) analytics. These four can be used then to drive high-value population health delivery through ...”

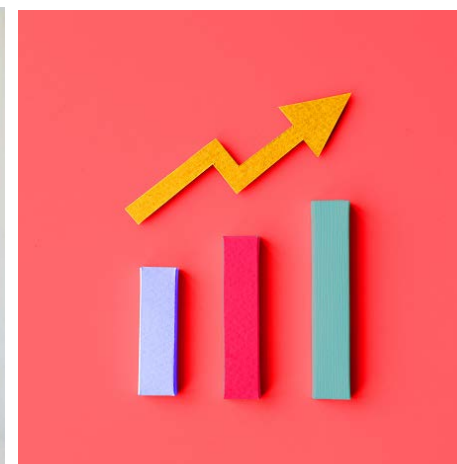
Rydell, MBA, FACHE, LFHIMSS, Editor, R., Landa, MD, Associate Editor, H. **Sitapati** and Longhurst, Chapter 10: Analytics and Population Health The CMIO Survival Guide. New York: Productivity Press (2018), p 99-109

(1) Patients

(2) Clinicians

(3) Care Managers

(4) Analytics



Engagement

Primary Care

Specialty Care

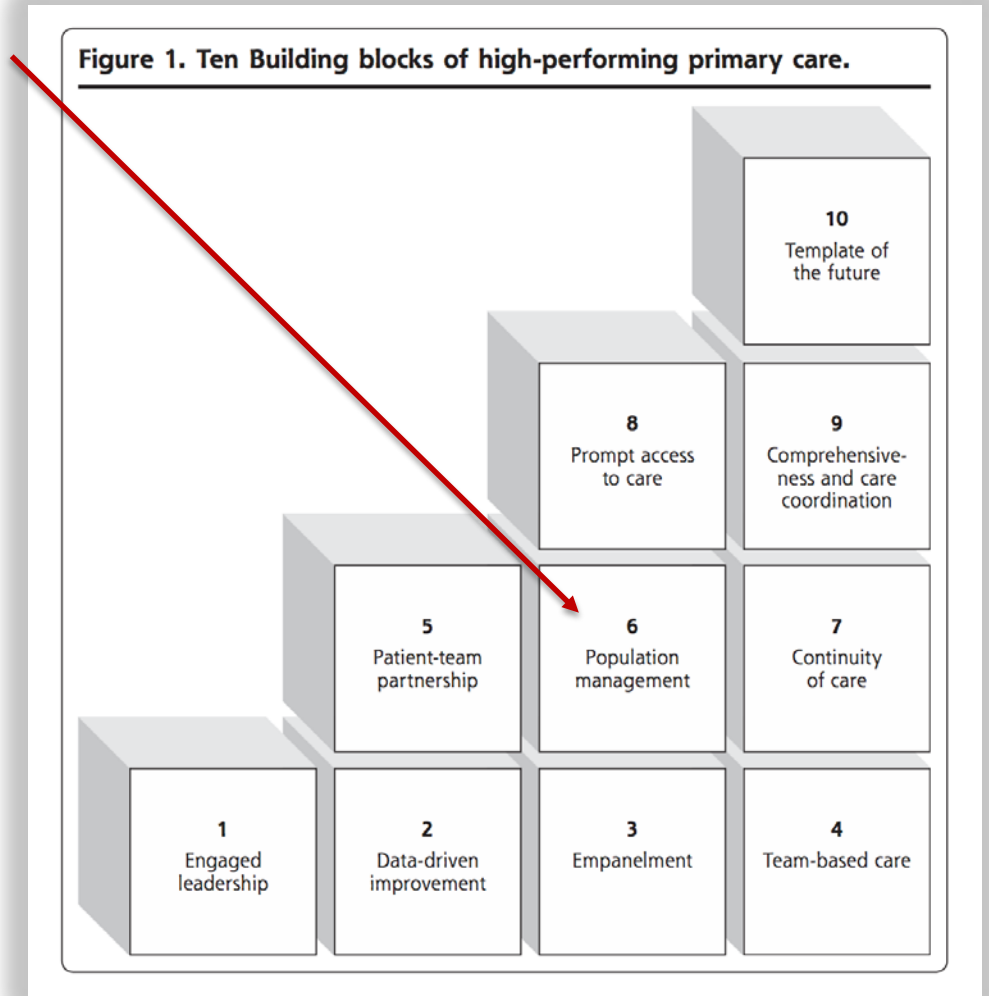
Outreach

Transition of Care

Complex Care Management

Building Blocks in Primary Care – that relay on 10 building blocks including population health

Three population-based functions provide major opportunities for sharing the care: **panel management, health coaching, and complex care management**. Panel management involves a staff member, usually a medical assistant or nurse, periodically checking the practice registry to identify patients who are due for routine services



Annals of Family Med Vol12:2; March/April 2014

Panel Management

Table 3. Performance on Quality Measures Among Eligible Patients in the 3 Study Arms During the Study Period

Quality Measure	Study Arm, No. (%) of Patients		
	Control	EMR Reminder	EMR Reminder + Panel Manager
Health care proxy designation	114/1741 (6.5)	104/1181 (8.8)	246/1251 (19.7)
Initial bone density screening	103/583 (17.7)	78/396 (19.7)	116/380 (30.5)
Influenza vaccination	903/1930 (46.8)	755/1336 (56.5)	832/1394 (59.7)
Pneumococcal vaccination	170/1301 (13.1)	182/935 (19.5)	254/991 (25.6)

Abbreviation: EMR, electronic medical record.

Table 4. Comparison of Performance on Quality Measures Across Arms From Logistic Regression Models Using Generalized Estimating Equations Methods^a

Quality Measure	OR (95% CI)	
	Unadjusted Model	Adjusted Model ^b
Health care proxy designation		
EMR reminder	1.45 (0.95-2.22)	1.55 (1.00-2.41)
EMR reminder + panel manager	3.40 (2.33-4.97)	3.69 (2.48-5.48)
P value ^c	.002	<.001
Initial bone density screening		
EMR reminder	1.10 (0.70-1.72)	1.43 (0.94-2.17)
EMR reminder + panel manager	1.97 (1.28-3.04)	2.31 (1.55-3.43)
P value ^c	.02	.006
Influenza vaccination		
EMR reminder	1.44 (1.18-1.76)	1.53 (1.23-1.91)
EMR reminder + panel manager	1.68 (1.34-2.10)	1.87 (1.46-2.38)
P value ^c	.002	.008
Pneumococcal vaccination		
EMR reminder	1.47 (1.02-2.11)	2.01 (1.30-3.11)
EMR reminder + panel manager	2.05 (1.31-3.23)	3.20 (1.82-5.64)
P value ^c	.02	.006

Control

EMR Reminder

EMR Reminder + Panel Manager

- “Our results support the concept that **team-based care using electronic registries and work lists is more likely to success-** fully deliver recommended care than individual PCPs working on their own. “
- Timothy S. Loo, MD, Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center, Boston

EMR Building Blocks for Population Health





Registries: Finding Data & Cohorts

Distillation of “Good Little Data” Ready and Accessible

The ideal process for Registry value sets



Distillation

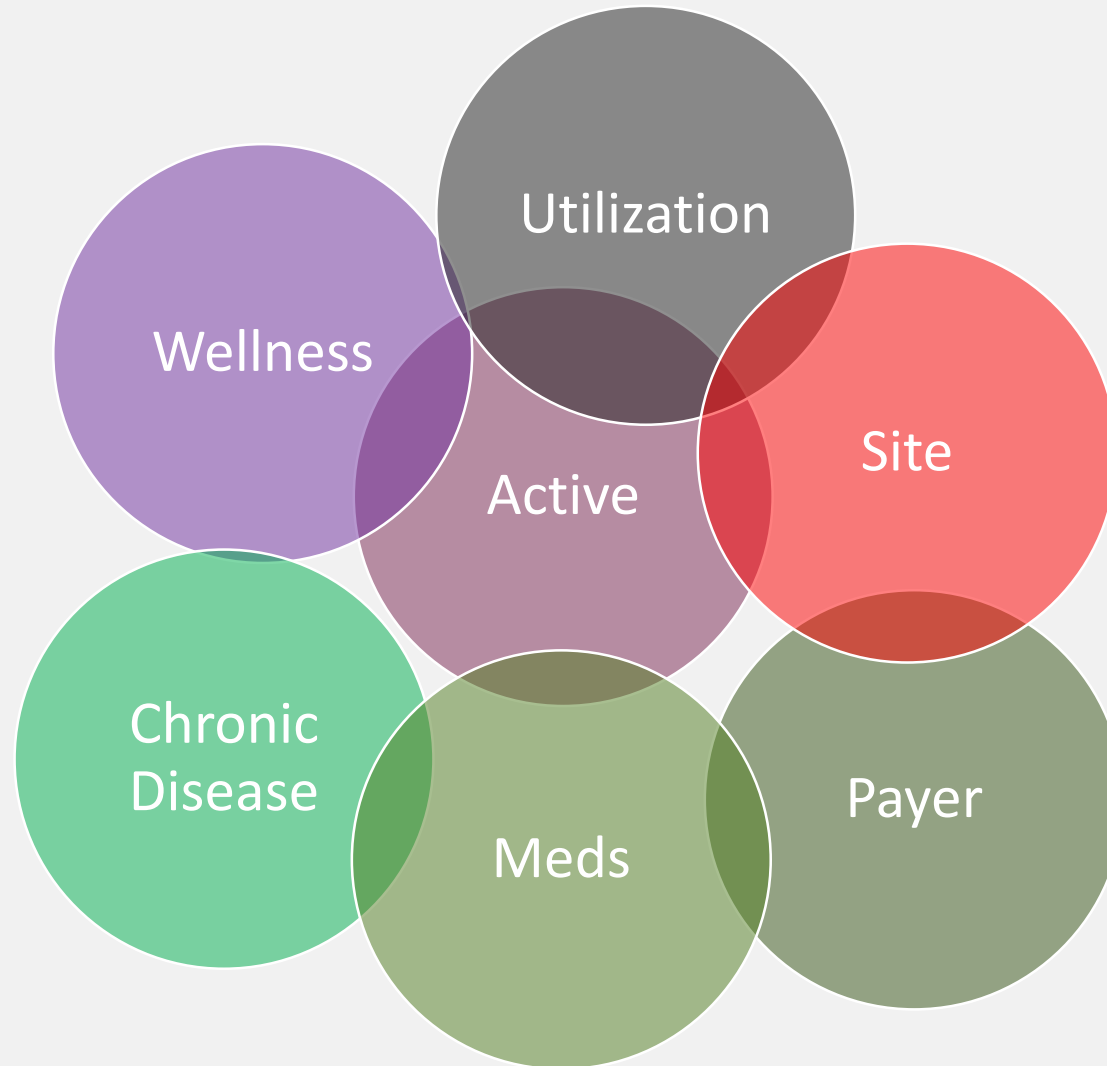


Active Electronic Medical Record Based Patient Registries:



(Chronic Disease)

- Cardiovascular
- Chronic Kidney
- Chronic Liver
- Hep B, Hep C, Cirrhosis
- Diabetes
- Heart Failure
- Hypertension
- HIV
- Obesity
- Pre-Diabetes
- Sleep Apnea
- Tobacco
- Hospice



(Event Based)
Emergency
Inpatient
Total Joint

(Payor Based)
Medicare Advantage
PRIME (CMS)
Anthem
HealthNet
Molina, etc.

Anticoagulation

Outpatient Parenteral Antibiotics

Key Topics: Roster management, **Registries**, Patient Portal, Risk Scores, Care Management, External Claims, Ad hoc Reporting

What types of Information are included in Registries?

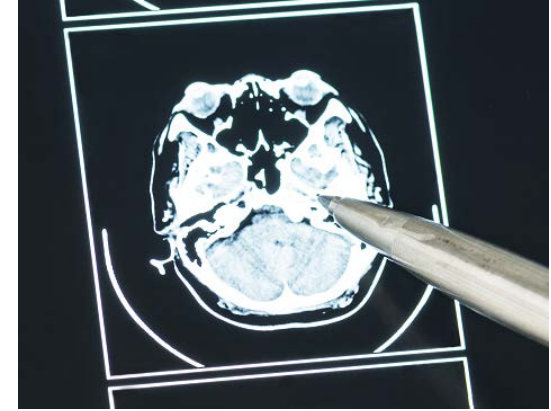
Registry Metric Design



Diagnoses



Lab
Values



Procedure



Co-
Morbidity



Risk Score



Utilization

Updated PRIME DY14 Rates - Green

UC San Diego Health

PRIME Measure Overview

Current Data For DYR as of January 29, 2019

Click on Measure Name to be able to drill-down to view of measure overtime

Metric Name

(All)

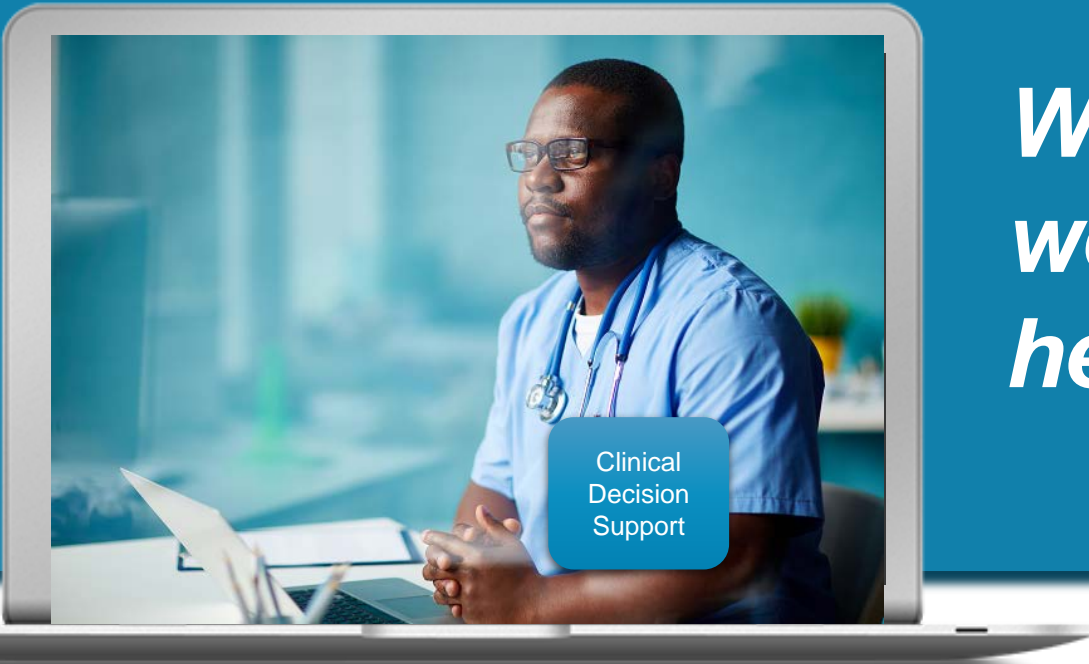
High Risk Measures

(All)

Performance Indicator Legend

Better than PRIME Steering Target

Metric Name	Improv. Direction	PRIME Threshold	PRIME Target	Denominator	Numerator	
1.1.5 - Screening for Clinical Depression and follow-up	H	51.05%	55.00%	27,201	17,298	63.59%
1.1.7a - Depression Remission/Response for Adolescents/Adults - Follow-up	H	0.00%	30.00%	1,488	695	46.71%
1.1.7b - Depression Remission/Response for Adolescents/Adults - Remission	H	5.37%	7.00%	1,488	129	8.67%
1.1.7c - Depression Remission/Response for Adolescents/Adults - Response	H	9.98%	15.00%	1,488	242	16.26%
1.2.3 - Colorectal Cancer Screening	H	65.71%	78.00%	19,159	15,562	81.23%
1.2.11 - REAL24data completeness	H	40.00%	45.00%	39,294	36,968	94.08%
1.2.13 - SO/GI24data completeness	H	10.00%	15.00%	38,415	20,115	52.36%
1.3.7 - Tobacco Assessment and Counseling	H	96.19%	98.00%	25,059	24,764	98.82%
2.1.6a - Prenatal Care	H	91.00%	95.00%	1,869	1,864	99.73%
2.1.6b - Postpartum Care	H	73.61%	75.00%	1,869	1,433	76.67%
2.2.3 - Medication Reconciliation: 30 days	H	71.10%	80.00%	3,713	3,206	86.35%
2.2.4 - Reconciled Medication List Received by Discharged Patients	H	99.00%	99.00%	3,243	3,232	99.66%
2.2.5 - Timely Transmission of Transition Record	H	85.58%	89.00%	4,611	4,357	94.49%
2.3.2 - Medication Reconciliation – 30 days	H	78.13%	85.00%	197	178	90.36%
2.3.4 - Timely Transmission of Transition Record	H	87.16%	90.00%	235	224	95.32%
2.7.1 - Advance Care Plan	H	52.26%	55.00%	15,185	8,654	56.99%
3.1.1 - Avoidance of antibiotic treatment in adults with acute bronchitis	H	38.70%	45.00%	142	92	64.79%
3.3.3b - High-cost pharmaceuticals ordering protocols (6 Meds)	H	0.00%	10.00%	323	53	16.41%
3.3.4a - Medication Reconciliation of High-cost pharmaceuticals (3 Meds)	H	0.00%	83.00%	1,838	1,670	90.86%
3.3.4b - Medication Reconciliation of High-cost pharmaceuticals (6 Meds)	H	0.00%	75.00%	8,772	8,028	91.52%
3.3.4c - Medication Reconciliation of High-cost pharmaceuticals (9 Meds)	H	0.00%	75.00%	26,639	24,336	91.35%



What are the typical workflows in population health?



Engagement

Activate care when patients are due.



Primary Care

Ensure patients are empaneled to a PCP.



Outreach

Reach out when care is needed between visits to address care gaps.



Complex Care Management

Panel high risk patients.



Specialist

Coordinated expertise.



Transition of Care

Coordination between care settings and social disruption.



Patient Portal

Empanelment (who)

Standards of Care (what)

At Risk of Not Receiving the Standard of Care

Bulk Actions

Highest Clinical Risk

Care Coordination

Standards of Care (what)

Highest Clinical Risk

Care Coordination

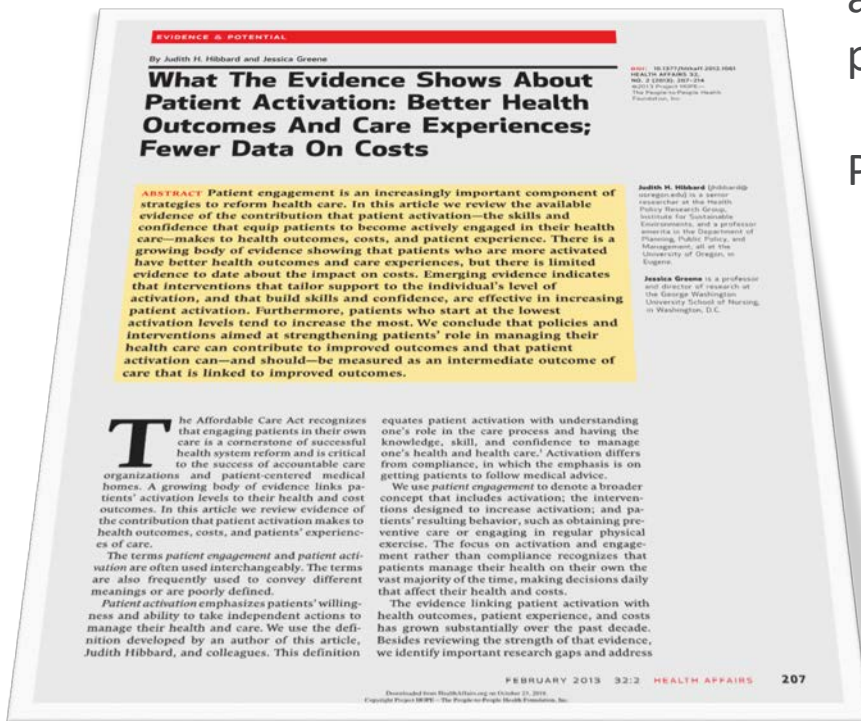
Patient activation

DEFN: **Patient activation** emphasizes **patients' willingness and ability** to take independent actions to manage their health and care.

DEFN: **Patient engagement** to denote a **broader concept** that includes activation; the interventions designed to increase activation; and patients' resulting behavior, such as obtaining preventive care or engaging in regular physical exercise.

Positive Patient activation via PAM is associated with:

- 3 times more likely met medical needs
- 2 times on time medical care
- Improved health literacy, preparation for visit
- Normal biometrics: BMI, A1C, BP, lipid



Hibbard and Greene, Health Affairs, Feb 2013

The emerging evidence suggests a potentially new quality goal: increasing patient activation as an intermediate outcome of care that is measurable and linked with improved outcomes. Quality improvement efforts that systematically work to expand the patient's (and the family's) ability to participate in care are a pathway toward improving outcomes. Such an approach is both necessary and achievable. ■



24

Engagement

Patient Engagement in the Patient Web Portal

Patients can now enter their sexual orientation, gender identity, race, ethnicity, language and preferred name, in the electronic medical record via the Patient Web-portal including electronic check-in.

They can also complete their questionnaires for depression, drug, and alcohol screening and social determinants via **PHQ, DAST, CRAAFT, AUDIT, and the IOM's social determinant tool**. This serves case management, Medicare Annual Wellness, and collaborative care.

Patient Entered

Using the EMR Patient Portal

Nurse Entered in a Visit

As part of Standard Work

Clinician Entered

Within or between encounters

Population Health Team

Targeted high risk outreach

Strategies – Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity

Epic Build

- Build to capture SO/GI data and pt name preference through dynamic flowsheet that populates discrete Epic fields
- Inclusion of LGTB leaders from UCSD campus and UCOP to advise in language used for data capture

MyChart

- Ability for patient to update SO/GI data via their MyChart

Training

- Learning Center Mass Employee Training
- Individualized small group training
- 3691 registered at a 37% completion rate (1 mo was 17%)



Patient Entered Information into the Patient Web Portal

New/Return Patient Check in:

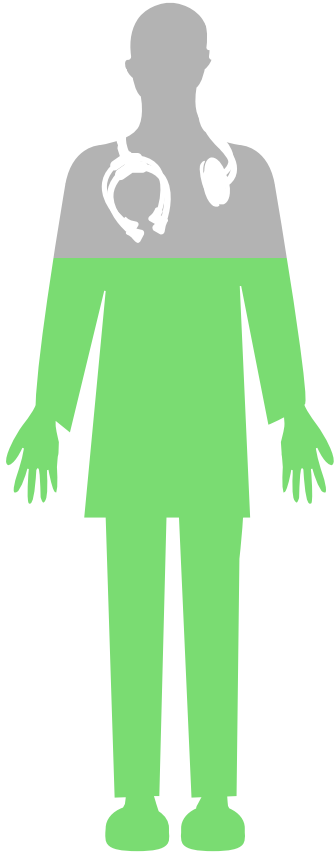
I prefer to opt out:

What is your preferred name?

What is your gender?

What is your sexual orientation?

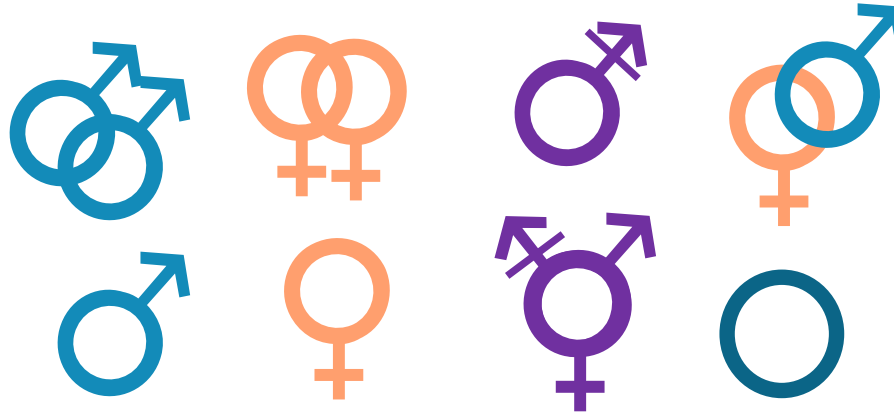
SEXUAL ORIENTATION & GENDER IDENTITY



SO/GI

**3490 Healthcare
Providers**

Completed SO/GI Training in the past year

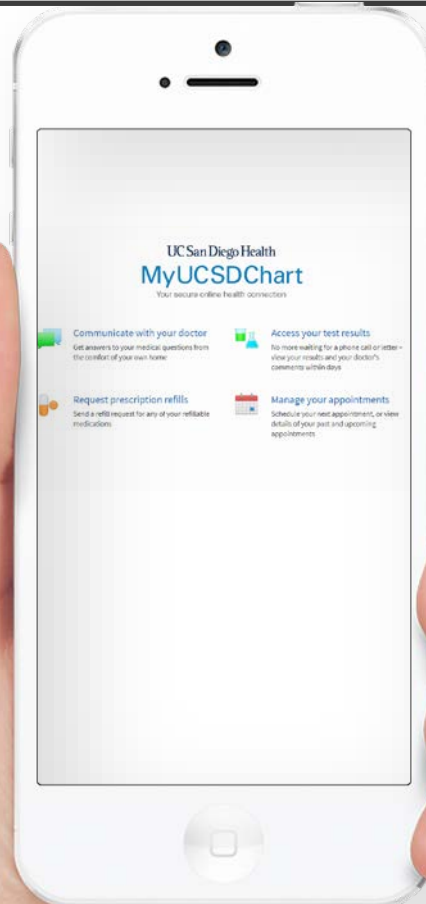


51%

Patients with documented SO/GI Status

Depression Screen with PHQ 9

Mental Health Screening in e-Checkin



Name _____ Date _____

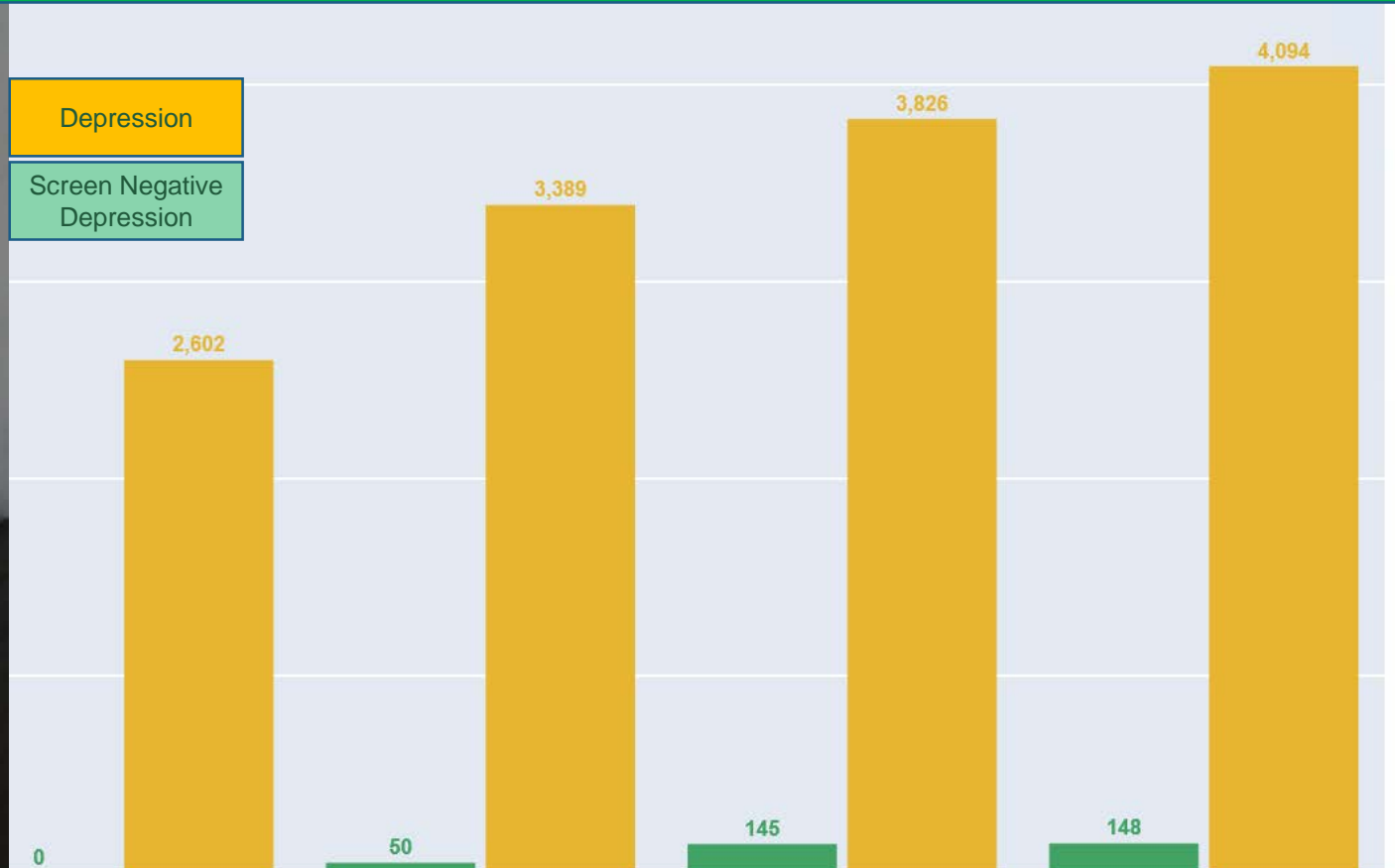
Over the *last 2 weeks*, how often have you been bothered by any of the following problems?

	Not at all	Several days	More than half the days	Nearly every day
1. Little interest or pleasure in doing things	0	1	2	3
2. Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	0	1	2	3
3. Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much	0	1	2	3
4. Feeling tired or having little energy	0	1	2	3
5. Poor appetite or overeating	0	1	2	3
6. Feeling bad about yourself—or that you are a failure or have let yourself or your family down	0	1	2	3
7. Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television	0	1	2	3
8. Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed? Or the opposite—being so fidgety or restless that you have been moving around a lot more than usual	0	1	2	3
9. Thoughts that you would be better off dead or of hurting yourself in some way	0	1	2	3

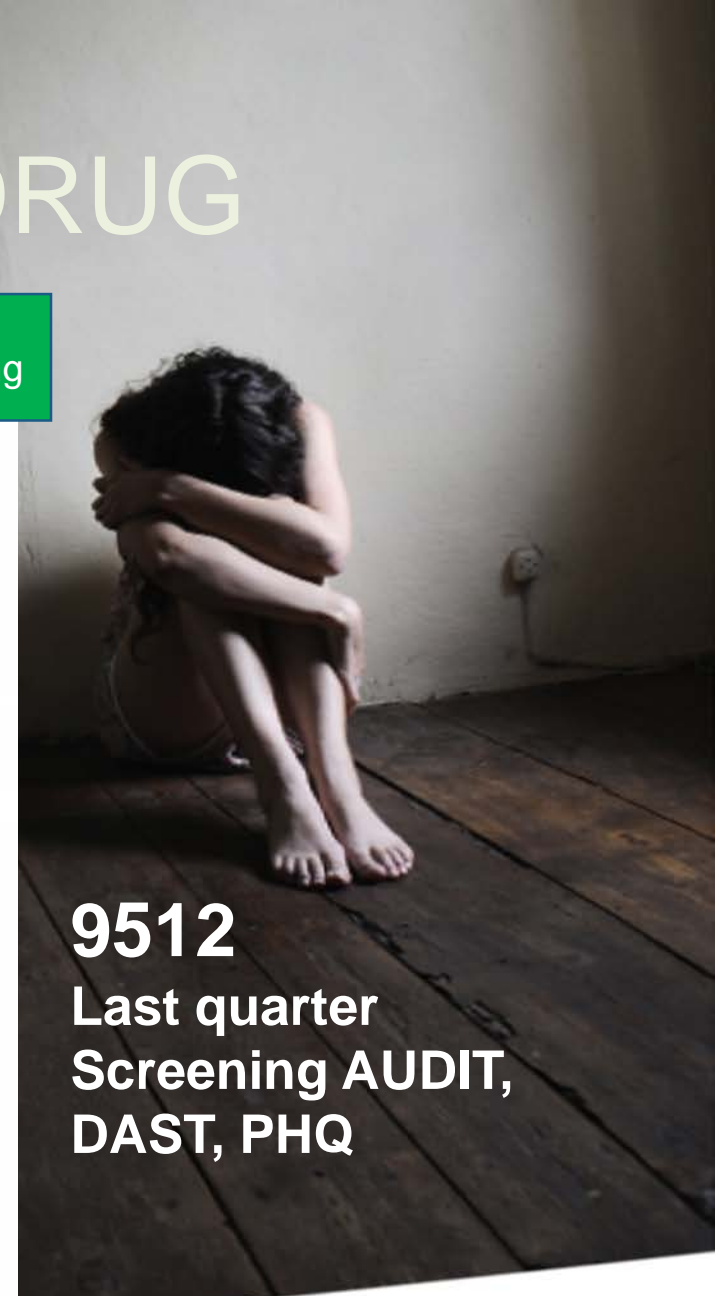
(For office coding: Total Score ____ = ____ + ____ + ____)

Improved Screening: DEPRESSION, ALCOHOL, & DRUG

39% increase in Diagnosed Depression last quarter comparison over prior year encounter coding



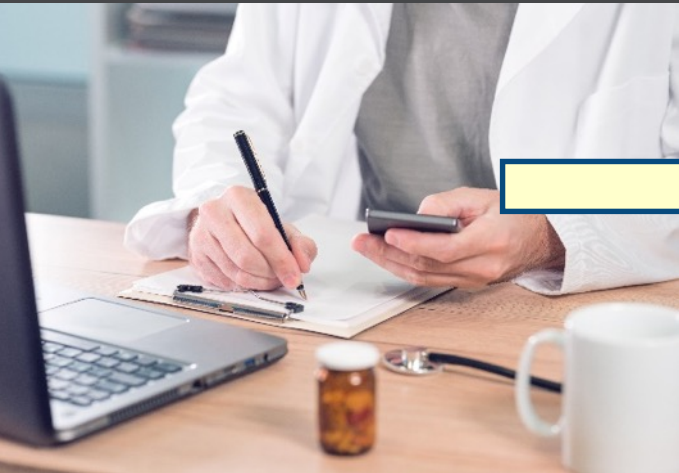
9512
Last quarter
Screening AUDIT,
DAST, PHQ



Empanelment
(who)

Standards of
Care
(what)

30



Clinicians individualize decisions for their patient – supports personalized medicine

Clinicians can now enter details about their patients and easily import into their note.

Physicians should be given options to personalize medicine with key health decisions using personalized timing and applicability. Clinical decision support should be easy in the workflow.

Dashboards of performance should provide transparency, an opportunity for outreach, and reconciliation with accuracy of the reports.

Patient Entered

Using the Epic MyChart

Nurse Entered in a Visit

Using the Epic Rooming Tab

Clinician Entered

Using the Navigator

Population Health Team

Using dashboard and outreach

Set up a Individual Patient Pivot Use Health Concept Timer (Health Maintenance)

Standards of
Care
(what)

Individualize the pivot for exclusion and frequency of testing

Default best practice (USPTF, etc.)



Individual patient
Needs in a metric

What



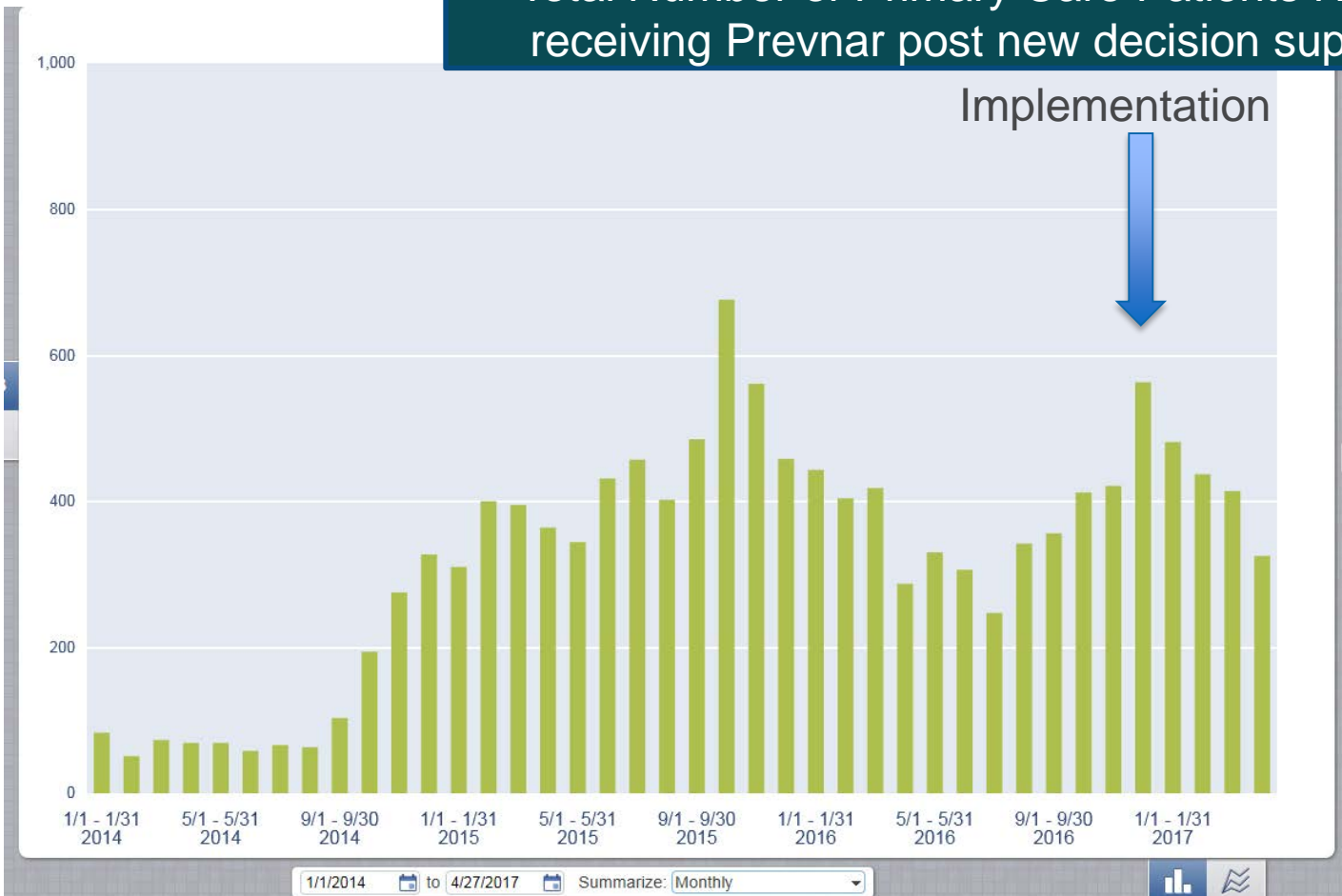
Custom DATE
EXCLUSION or
RISK FACTOR

Does Decision Support Make a Difference?

Primary Care “UCSD Panel” Registry: PanelMetrics

Prevnar: Health Maintenance Implemented 11/27/2016

Total Number of Primary Care Patients Newly receiving Pprevnar post new decision support



Spike in Volume of Administration December 2016 Which had still seasonal variation but spike week post implementation.

PRIME Workgroups

PRIME Workgroup Members

Cardiovascular Team



Ottar Lunde
Clinical Lead

Coordinate the team,
design approach, define
the strategy and deliver
training/implementation



Ajit
Raisinghani
Clinical Lead



Jejo Koola
IS Informatics
Partner

Devise an informatics
approach for system wide
roll out



Larry Friedman
Executive
Sponsor

Provide leadership,
connections, and
facilitation

Project 1.2 Ambulatory Care Redesign: Primary Care														FY18 Target	
1.2.5	Controlling Blood Pressure	6911	9461	73.05%	6781	9363	72.42%	6965	9473	73.52%	6827	9388	72.72%	120	Maintain ≥ 70.41% P4P - Maintain ≥ 74%
1.2.7	Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD): Use of Aspirin or Another Antithrombotic	3222	3624	88.91%	3284	3677	89.31%	3211	3587	89.52%	3414	3674	92.92%	Exceeding Target!!	Increase ≥ 88.94% P4P - Increase ≥ 92%
1.2.14	Tobacco Assessment and Counseling	36203	37500	96.54%	36746	38084	96.49%	35977	37255	96.57%	36902	38265	96.44%	598	Maintain ≥ 96.19% P4P - Increase ≥ 98%
Project 1.3 Ambulatory Care Redesign: Specialty Care														FY18 Target	
1.3.7	Tobacco Assessment and Counseling	24036	24611	97.66%	24274	24850	97.68%	23854	24449	97.57%	24300	24882	97.66%	84	Maintain ≥ 96.19% P4P - Increase ≥ 98%
Project 1.5 Million Hearts Initiative														FY18 Target	
1.5.1	Controlling Blood Pressure	6911	9461	73.05%	6781	9363	72.42%	6965	9473	73.52%	6827	9388	72.72%	120	Maintain ≥ 70.41% P4P - Maintain ≥ 74%
1.5.2	Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD): Use of Aspirin or Another Antithrombotic	3222	3624	88.91%	3284	3677	89.31%	3211	3587	89.52%	3414	3674	92.92%	Exceeding Target!!	Increase ≥ 88.94% P4P - Increase ≥ 92%
1.5.3	PQRS # 317 Preventative Care and Screening: Screening HBP & Follow-Up Doc	9743	21491	45.34%	9743	21491	45.34%	17160	21302	80.56%	17645	22050	80.02%	Exceeding Target!!	Increase ≥ 48.80% P4P - Increase ≥ 52%
1.5.4	Tobacco Assessment and Counseling	36203	37500	96.54%	36746	38084	96.49%	35977	37255	96.57%	36902	38265	96.44%	598	Maintain ≥ 96.19% P4P - Increase ≥ 98%

Build the Registry with clinical terms:

Groupers		REL						Abdominal aorta thrombosis (CMS-HCC)	125.812	300,	125.8	300,125.8	305,ICD
VCG	102254	12/29/2017	UC EDG ICD IVD REGISTRY NQF0068					Abdominal aortic atherosclerosis (CMS-HCC)	170.723	300,	120.8	300,120.8	305,ICD
VCG	102243		UC EDG ICD CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE NO MI					Abdominal aortic embolism (CMS-HCC)	170.738	300,	120.9	300,120.9	305,ICD
VCG			AMI Acute Myocardial Infarction Registry					Aborted myocardial infarction (CMS-HCC)	170.519	300,	124.0	300,124.0	305,ICD
VCG	102244		UC EDG ICD ISCHEMIC STROKE					Ac cerebral infarction assoc w/ CSVT (CMS-HCC)	170.519	300,	124.1	300,124.1	305,ICD
VCG	102245		UC EDG ICD ATHEROSCLOROSIS AND PERIPHERAL ARTERIAL DIS					Ac cerebral infarction w/ ischemia (CMS-HCC)	125.812	300,	124.8	300,124.8	305,ICD
Metric Inclusion Rules								Ac isch multi vasc territories stroke (CMS-HCC)	125.812	300,	124.9	300,124.9	305,ICD
CER	251855	12/29/2017	DM Inclusion Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD)					Ac isch multifocal ant circ stroke (CMS-HCC)	125.82	300,	125.10	300,125.10	305,ICD
CER	251857		DM Inclusion Coronary Artery Disease (CAD)					Ac isch multifocal ant circ stroke, left (CMS-HCC)	125.82	300,	125.110	300,125.110	305,ICD
CER			AMI Acute Myocardial Infarction Registry					Ac isch multifocal ant circ stroke, right (CMS-HCC)	125.82	300,	125.111	300,125.111	305,ICD
CER	251846		DM Inclusion Ischemic Stroke					Ac isch multifocal ant circ stroke, unspecified laterality (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.118	300,125.118	305,ICD
CER	251853		DM Inclusion Peripheral Vascular Disease					Ac ischemic VBA cerebellar stroke (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.119	300,125.119	305,ICD
HCM			VCG 102254 UC EDG ICD IVD REGISTRY NQF0068					ACC/AHA stage B congestive heart failure due to ischemic cardiomyopathy (CMS-HCC)	125.812	300,	125.5	300,125.5	305,ICD
HCM			VCG 102243 UC EDG ICD CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE NO MI					ACC/AHA stage B systolic heart failure due to ischemic cardiomyopathy (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.6	300,125.6	305,ICD
HCM			AMI Acute Myocardial Infarction Registry					ACC/AHA stage C congestive heart failure due to ischemic cardiomyopathy (CMS-HCC)	125.812	300,	125.700	300,125.700	305,ICD
HCM			VCG 102244 UC EDG ICD ISCHEMIC STROKE					ACC/AHA stage C systolic heart failure due to ischemic cardiomyopathy (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.701	300,125.701	305,ICD
HCM			VCG 102245 UC EDG ICD ATHEROSCLOROSIS AND PERIPHERAL					Accelerated coronary artery disease in transplanted heart	125.110	300,	125.708	300,125.708	305,ICD
HCM			CER 251855 DM Inclusion Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD)					Accelerating angina (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.709	300,125.709	305,ICD
HCM			CER 251857 DM Inclusion Coronary Artery Disease (CAD)					Acquired cardiovascular disorders during pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium	125.110	300,	125.710	300,125.710	305,ICD
HCM			DM Inclusion AMI Acute Myocardial Infarction Registry					Acquired renal artery stenosis (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.711	300,125.711	305,ICD
HCM			CER 251846 DM Inclusion Ischemic Stroke					ACS (acute coronary syndrome) (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.718	300,125.718	305,ICD
HCM			CER 251853 DM Inclusion Peripheral Vascular Disease					Acute and subacute ischemic heart disease (CMS-HCC)	125.110	300,	125.719	300,125.719	305,ICD
HCM			HFR 100247 ISCHEMIC VASCULAR DISEASE (IVD)					Acute angina (CMS-HCC)	170.519	300,	125.720	300,125.720	305,ICD
HCM			HFR 82006 CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE REGISTRY					Acute arterial ischemic stroke, multifocal, anterior circulation (CMS-HCC)	170.723	300,	125.721	300,125.721	305,ICD
HCM			HFR AMI Acute Myocardial Infarction Registry					Acute arterial ischemic stroke, multifocal, anterior circulation, left (CMS-HCC)	170.738	300,	125.728	300,125.728	305,ICD
HCM			HFR 100248 ISCHEMIC STROKE					Acute arterial ischemic stroke, multifocal, anterior circulation, right (CMS-HCC)	170.738	300,	125.729	300,125.729	305,ICD
HCM			HFR 100249 PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISEASE					Acute arterial ischemic stroke, multifocal, anterior circulation, unspecified laterality (CMS-HCC)	170.519	300,	125.730	300,125.730	305,ICD
HFR	100247	12/29/2017	ISCHEMIC VASCULAR DISEASE (IVD)					Acute arterial ischemic stroke, multifocal, mult vascular territories (CMS-HCC)	125.82	300,	125.731	300,125.731	305,ICD
HFR	82006		CAD CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE REGISTRY					Acute arterial ischemic stroke, multifocal, multiple vascular territories (CMS-HCC)	125.812	300,	125.738	300,125.738	305,ICD
HFR			AMI Acute Myocardial Infarction Registry					Acute arterial ischemic stroke, multifocal, posterior circulation (CMS-HCC)	125.82	300,	125.739	300,125.739	305,ICD

Ischemic Vascular Disease Health Maintenance and developed **EXCLUSION REGISTRIES**

Patients with known ischemic vascular disease or recent may be at risk for coronary artery bypass graft or percutaneous coronary intervention significant ischemic events. A new suite of registries has been leveraged to drive health maintenance to help you identify patients who may be eligible to receive aspirin or an antiplatelet medication and reduce events:

- The “Ischemic Vascular Disease Assessment Tx” health maintenance topic was introduced in January 2018.

Who?

- Patient is on IVD Ischemic Vascular Disease Registry
- Patient is on CABG Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Registry
- Patient is on PCI Percutaneous Coronary Intervention Registry

But not:

- Patient is on Hospice Registry
- Patient is on Hemorrhage Registry
- Patient has Health Maintenance Modifier

Set up Ischemic Vascular Disease Use Health Concept Timer (Health Maintenance)

Standards of
Care
(what)

Patients in IVD, CABG, or PCI Registry
should be on aspirin, an anti-platelet, or an
anticoagulant



Individual patient
Needs in a metric

Risk
Outweighs
Benefit

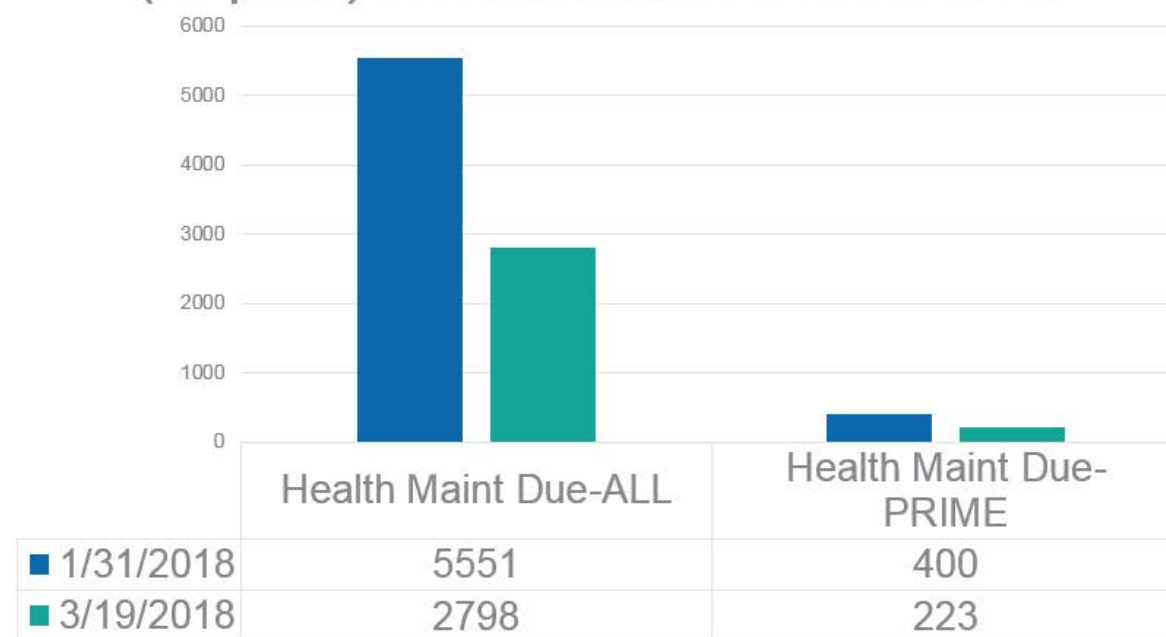


Hospice Registry
Or Hemorrhage Registry
Exclusion

Ischemic Vascular Disease: nearly ½ the care gaps completed in 47 days!



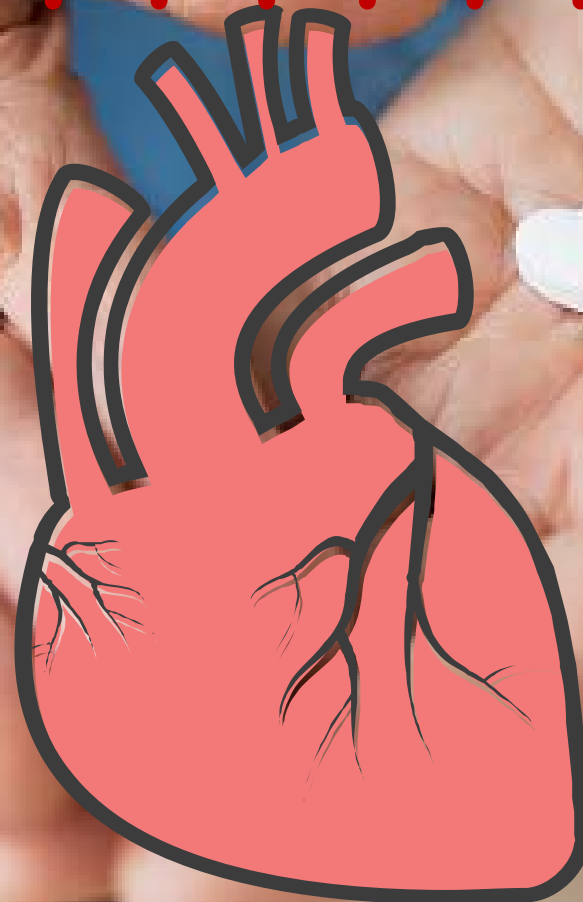
Ischemic Vascular Disease (Aspirin) Health Maintenance Due



ISCHEMIC VASCULAR DISEASE

More patients in past year on Anticoagulant for IVD

410





Metric Name	Improv. Direction	PRIME Threshold	PRIME Target	Denominator	Numerator	
3.3.3c - High-cost pharmaceuticals ordering protocols (9 Meds)	H	25.00%	35.00%	1,218	120	9.85%

High Risk PRIME Measures

High-cost pharmaceutical protocols

✚ Qualified Staff of Doctors

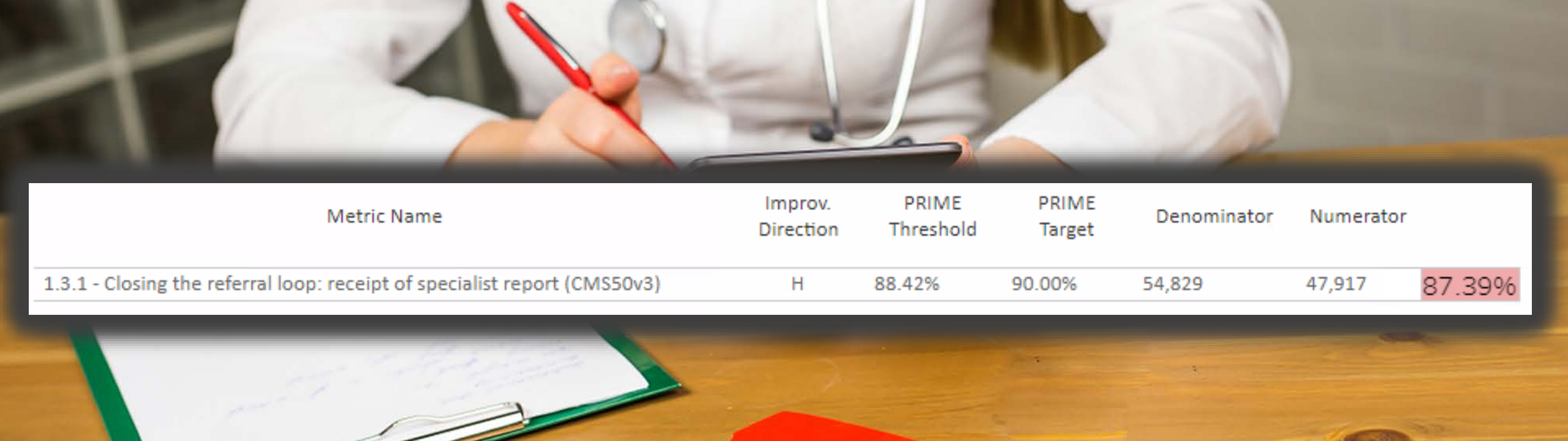
✚ 24x7 Emergency Services

✚ Easy and Affordable Billing

✚ Feel like you are at Home
Services

✚ Save your Money and Time with us

✚ A Right and Good Medicine



Metric Name	Improv. Direction	PRIME Threshold	PRIME Target	Denominator	Numerator	
1.3.1 - Closing the referral loop: receipt of specialist report (CMS50v3)	H	88.42%	90.00%	54,829	47,917	87.39%

High Risk PRIME Measures

Close the Loop Referrals “Auto-Communication” from Specialist

- + **Beginning February 1, 2019**, progress notes in office visits in specialty ambulatory departments will be automatically sent to the PCP and referring provider upon the closing signature of the ambulatory encounter.

1. **Reducing clicks for the specialist** by removing the need to manually find the names of PCP and referring providers to send them referral communication.
2. **Improved referring provider and PCP experience** by being “in the loop.”
3. **Improved patient experience** by improving communication between the specialist and referring providers/PCP.
4. **Reduced risk for patient harm** through improved communication of up to date recommendations for patient medication and treatment.
5. **Improved quality** by helping to achieve improved quality metrics and patient care.



Foster between visit care

The Population Health clinical team can manage between visit care gaps with campaigns, outreach, bulk activity.

High risk patients can receive targeted services with care management, social services, pharmacy, and mental health support.

Patient Entered

Using the Epic MyChart

Nurse Entered in a Visit

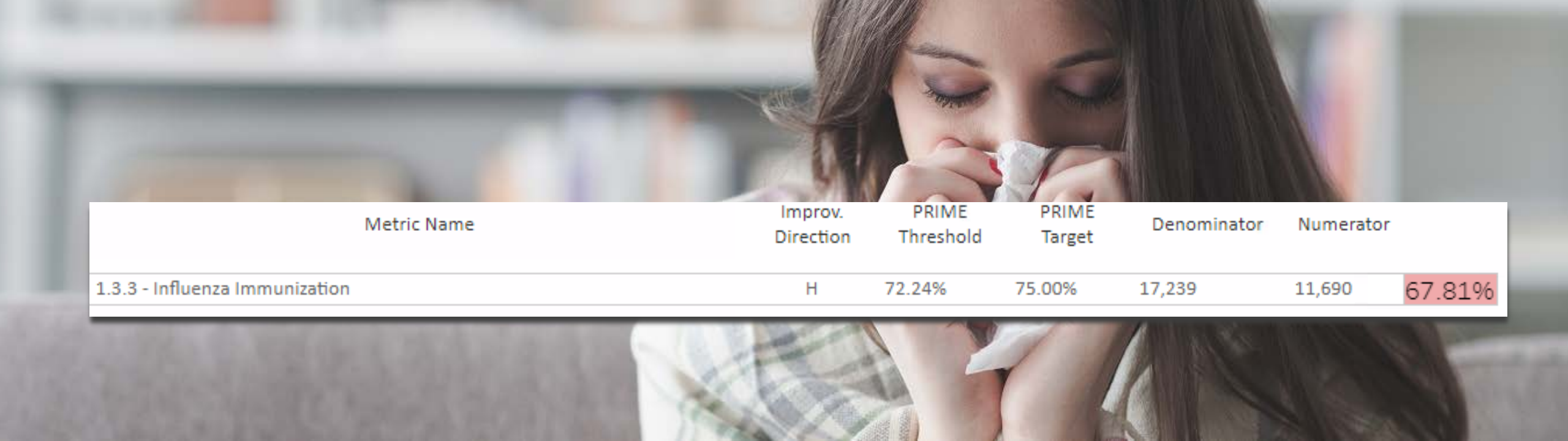
Using the Epic Rooming Tab

Clinician Entered

Using the Navigator

Population Health Team

Using dashboard and outreach



Metric Name	Improv. Direction	PRIME Threshold	PRIME Target	Denominator	Numerator	
1.3.3 - Influenza Immunization	H	72.24%	75.00%	17,239	11,690	67.81%

Influenza PRIME measure

Influenza immunization

- ✚ Bulk message patients who are deficient
- ✚ Increase frequency of employee health ingested data & data review
- ✚ Operations including specialty to offer and update HM in standard work

Clinical Quality Leads: Betsy Rosenblum
Key partner: Dean Pham (IS for bulk messaging);
Carlos Ramirez (IS code review)



Bulk intervention

Bulk Communication

1. Mail (0 patients) 2. Phone (2 patients) 3. MyUCSDChart (10 patients)

Subject:

Template:

Reply Options:
☒ Do not allow patient reply
☐ Allow reply directly to me

Dear @NAME@,

UC San Diego Health is providing influenza vaccine to our patients. There are many walk-in flu clinics available throughout the county or you can schedule a visit with your primary care provider. Please click the following link to learn more about how you can receive your influenza vaccine at a UC San Diego Health.

<https://health.ucsd.edu/specialties/primary-care/Pages/flu-shots.aspx>

If you are interested, you can view a five-minute informational video about the influenza vaccine. Please click <https://www.my-emmi.com/SelfReg/UCSDFLU> to register and view the video.

Finally, if you received your influenza vaccine at a non-UCSD clinic or pharmacy this year, you can let us know directly in your MyUCSDChart. Under your "To Do" section you can click "Mark as Complete" for your Influenza (Flu) Vaccine. Our goal is to make your records as up to

Contacted about:

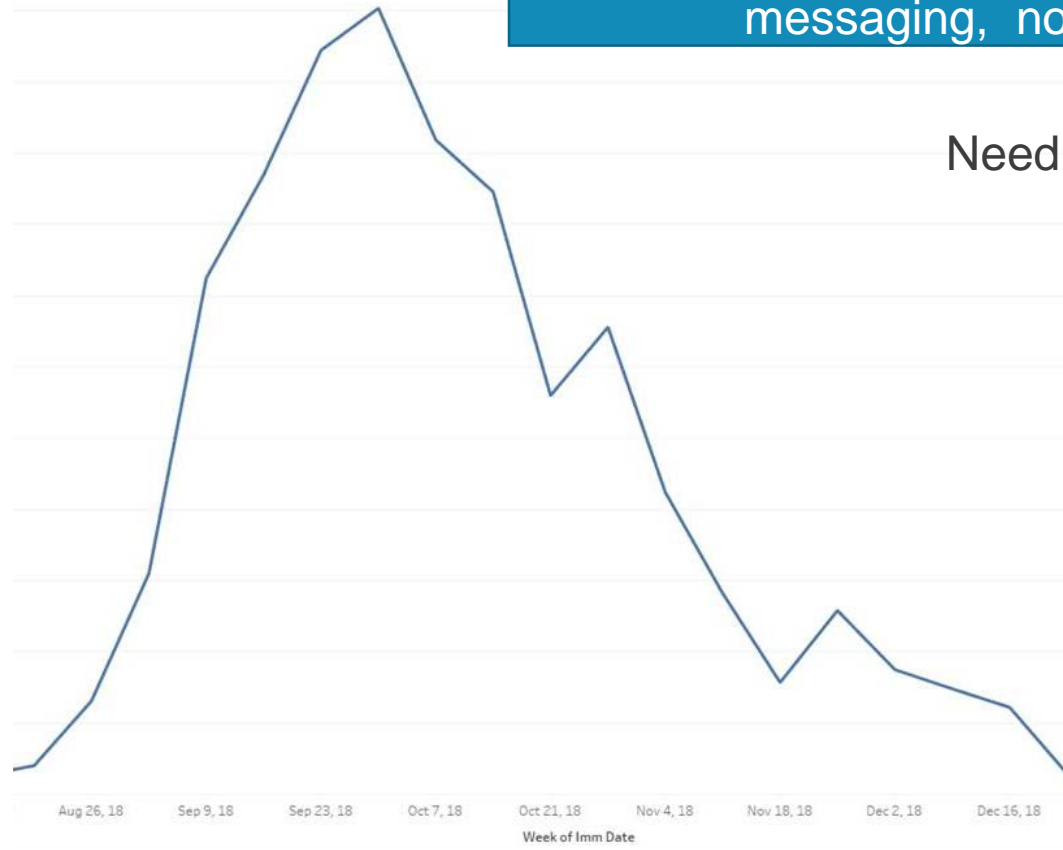
Next contact:

Accept Cancel

Current tactics for select measures

Influenza: DXR outside record, bulk messaging, not enough

Need: more activation influenza vaccine



Bulk Messaging Overview

Does not include Health Maintenance or Non Clinical Communications messages

12,1835,755164

Total MessagesPatient CountProviders

YearQuarterFollow-up TypeDepartment

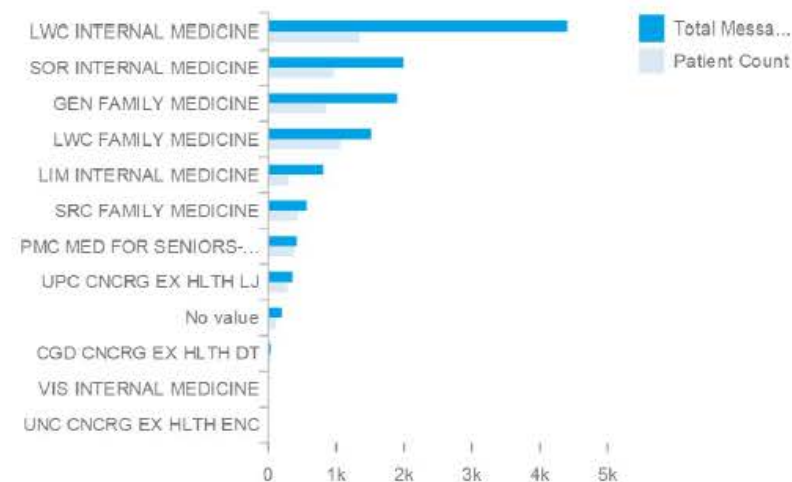
• 2016• 2

Provider

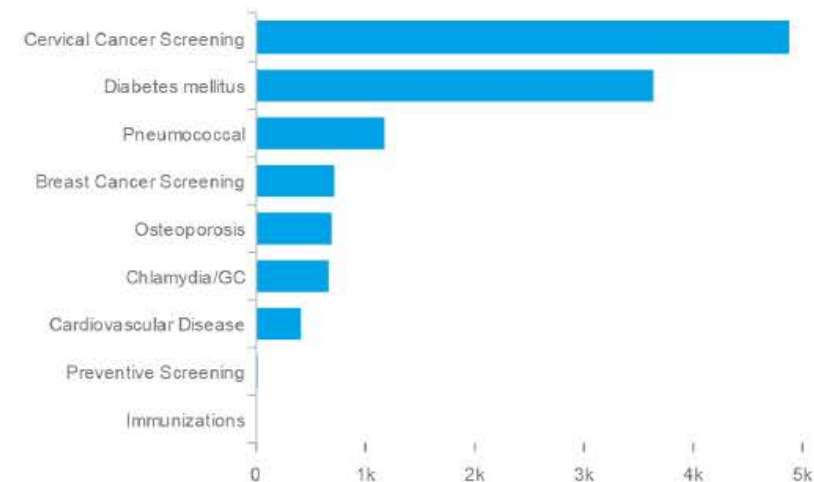
Top 5

Provider	Measures	
	Total Messages	Patient Count
HUANG, YUN-SAN A.	955	320
HILL, DEANNA L	674	204
BAJWA-DULAI, SONIA T.	658	301
LUNDE, OTTAR VIKER	601	201
DECONDE, JENNIFER B.	503	250

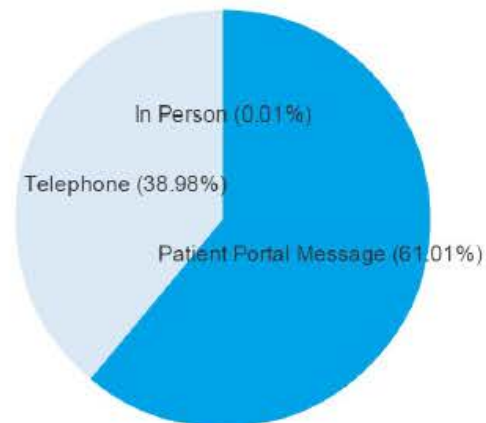
Department



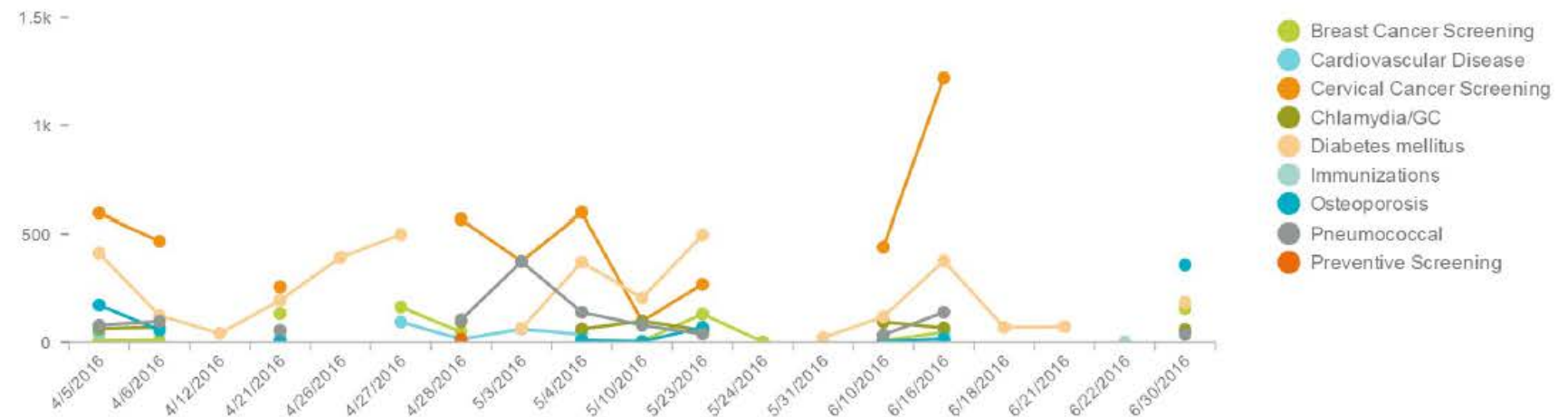
Follow-up Type



Communication Method



Message Volume by Date





Invisible COSTS

OLD ORDERING:

30,000 Diabetics need q 6 mo labs that take 2 minutes to order

$30,000 \text{ pt} \times 2 \text{ minutes} = 60,000 \text{ minutes} / 60 = 1,000 \text{ hrs}$

If \$20/hour = \$20,000

If twice in the year is **\$40,000**

Or 1 FTE!!

NEW ORDERING:

30,000 Diabetics need quarterly Labs to be ordered using nurse protocol with higher scope in nurse to place a single BULK order

$30,000 \text{ pt (as "1" order)} \times 30 \text{ minutes (careful with msg)}$

If \$50/hour = \$25/quarter

If place quarterly = **\$100**

Improved Routine Order Efficiency through “BULK”

saves \$39,900 for 30,000 pts = **\$1 PMPY**

ORGANIZATIONAL GOALS



Patient Satisfaction
i.e. survey, +

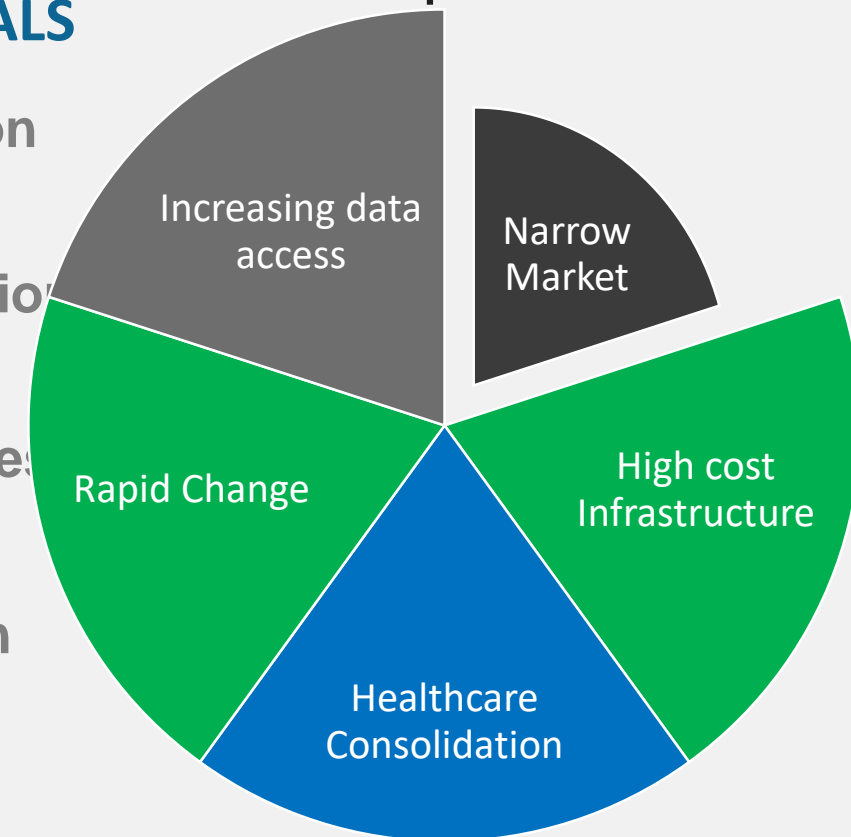


Provider Satisfaction
i.e. survey +



Quality & Outcomes
i.e. Scores

Cost & Utilization
i.e. (maybe)



PRIME Workgroup Members



Clinical Leads

Kyle Edmonds



Bill Mitchell



Executive Sponsor

Julie Croner



Clinical Informatics

Teresa Helsten

Palliative care team led 2.7.1 Advance Care Plan

- (1) Population Health Clinical outreach to patients failing the Advance Care Plan with social work
- (2) Mychart questionnaire outreach to failing patient

Strategies – 2.7.1 Advanced Care Planning

Patient Engagement

- Bulk messaging needs lead sign off.
- Managed care continue to do outreach. Scripts are approved, need workflows
- **MyChart Landing page link to questionnaire**

Health Maintenance

- HM needs the addition of flowsheets and also smartphrase.
- Need to capture pt. refusal to complete ACP.

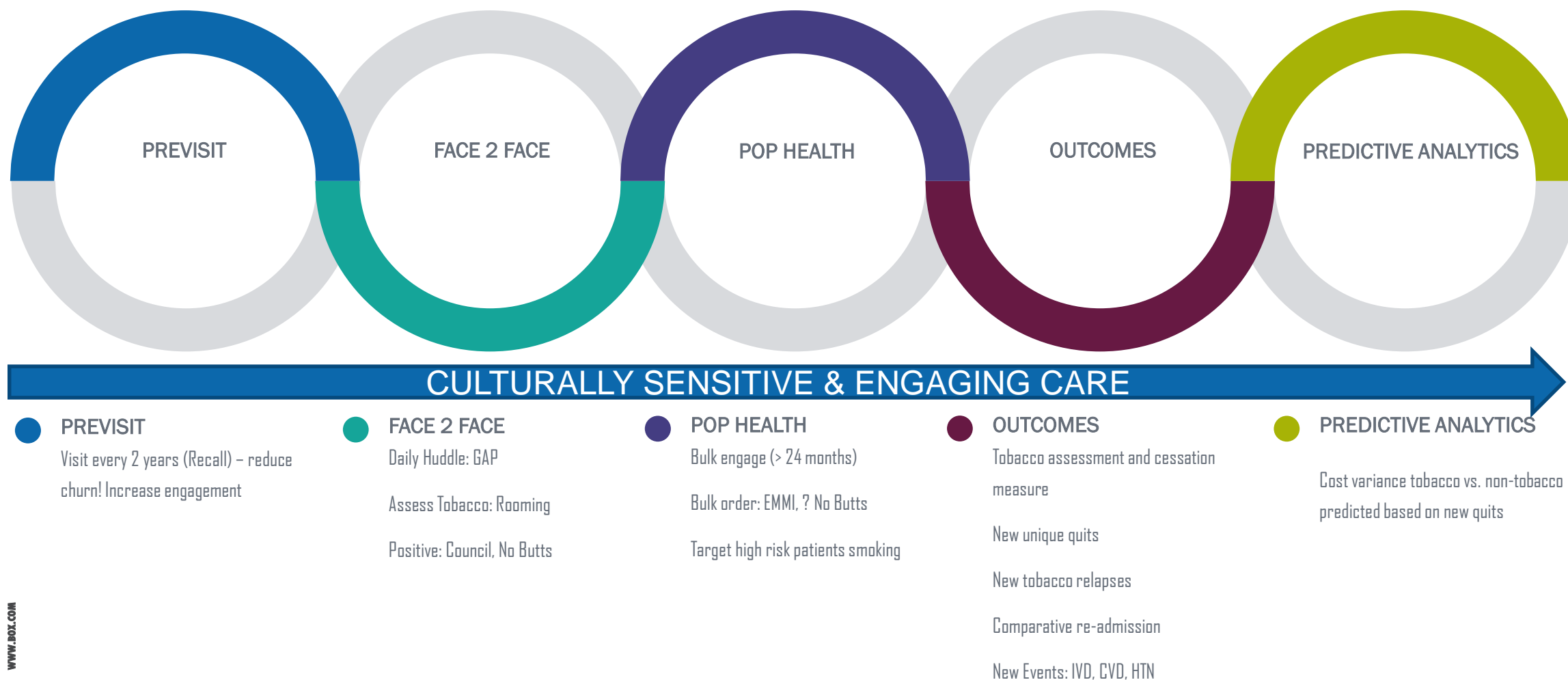
Clinical Pop Health Team

- **Temp Social Worker 45 days with outreach**
- Review of smart phrases and flowsheets to count appropriate ACP.
- With addition of smart phrases, team predicts meeting State target.

Data Check – Chart Review

- **Review of smart phrases and flowsheets they are populating to understand appropriate ACP to count as compliant.**
- With addition of smart phrases, team predicts meeting State target.

Tobacco Disparities Design In Black/African American



97% of Black/African Americans

Screened for Tobacco Use & Referred if Active (**Elimination of disparity**)

Level 1 Race, Ethnicity,
And Language for 96.84%
SOGI data for 43.12%

*Source: November 2018, PRIME

Source: PRIME July 17-June 18 &
SlicerDicer

Active Smokers

7/1/17-6/30/2018

3,212
(13.6%)

143 Referred

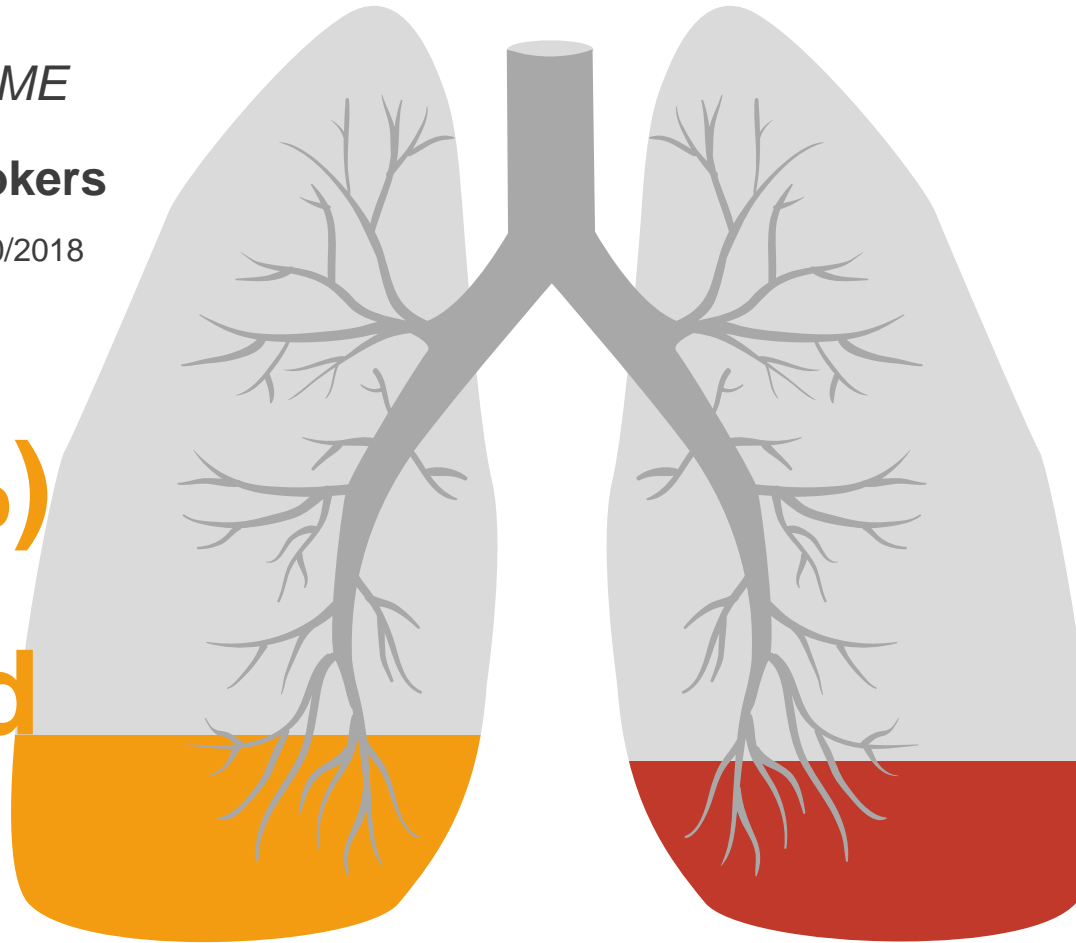
TOBACCO SMOKING CESSATION
PB SMOKING CESSATION CLASS
PB SMOKING CESSATION TREATMENT
REFERRAL TO SMOKERS HELPLINE
SMOKING CESSATION - QUIT LINE
SMOKING CESSATION EDUCATION
SMOKING CESSATION STUDY

Former Smokers

7/1/17-6/30/2018

3,012
(12.7%)

23,644 Total



Population Health Social Determinants in the EMR to support care



This is to assist clinicians in assessing their patient's potential risk based on their access to social and economic opportunities; the resources and support available in the home, neighborhood, and community; the availability of food and water; and the nature of our social interactions and relationships.

POPULATION HEALTH SOCIAL FRAMEWORK FLOWCHART



Train your Healthcare Team

Institute training that further
Enhances cultural competency



Measure Disparities

Create a culture that
acknowledges health disparities
and includes in strategic planning



Outreach

Identify targeted outreach
And prioritization of resources



Celebrate

Identify progress
& successes that
further address
disparities

Demographic

Standardize your workflows to
acknowledge race, ethnicity, language,
sexual orientation and gender identity



Community Partnership

Foster new collaborations
That will further strengthen
services



Social Determinants

Strengthen available approach
To address underlying social
determinants of health





Each of us can make a difference, to bring HEALTH to the world.



Population Health Bootcamp: March 15, 2019

<https://www.eventbrite.com/e/population-health-bootcamp-tickets-55052372127>



MAR
15

Population Health Bootcamp

by Amy M. Sitapati, MD
asitapati@ucsd.edu

\$150



[Tickets](#)

Description

Come learn about clinical informatics related to population health and improving health using the electronic health record (EHR). We plan to cover the changing environment of healthcare delivery, technical

Date And Time

Fri, March 15, 2019
8:00 AM - 4:00 PM PDT
[Add to Calendar](#)



The UCSDH Analytics and Population Health PRO-SHOP:

Population Health Team

Barbara Berkovich

Jason Votaw

Michael Klade

Carlos Ramirez

Liz Traubenkraut

Jamie Anand

Jeff Pan

Part of PRIME Team

Heather Erwin

Larry Friedman

Jennifer Holland

Chad VanDenBerg

Dustin Lillie

Compliance

Daniel Weissburg

Molly Berkery

Cheryl Nikas

Special Thanks!

Chris Longhurst

Mike Hogarth

Duncan Campbell

Eugene Lee

UC Irvine Team

Brian Clay

Marlene Millen

Images

Envato Element